MO	CA317: Data Compression
Teaching Scheme Lectures: 3 hrs/Week Tutorials: 1 hr/Week	Examination Scheme Class Test -12Marks Teachers Assessment - 6Marks Attendance – 12 Marks
Credits: 4	End Semester Exam – 70 marks

- 1. Computer Fundamentals
- 2. Principles of computer programming
- 3. Basic mathematical knowledge
- 4. Operating Systems

### Course Objectives:

The  $\phi$  bjective of this course is to:

- 1. Gain a fundamental understanding of data compression methods for text, images, and videos.
- 2. Understand the concept of lossy and lossless compression.
- 3. Understand Huffman coding and Arithmetic coding.
- 4. Illustrate the concepts of various algorithms for text, images and video compression.
- 5. Understand how to select the best algorithm/ approach for compression given a situation.
- 6. Understand vector quantization.

### Detailed Syllabus:

### UNIT I (10 Hours)

**Compression Techniques:** Lossless compression, Lossy Compression, Measures of performance, Modeling and coding, Mathematical Preliminaries for Lossless compression: A brief introduction to information theory, **Models:** Physical models, Probability models, Markov models, composite source model, **Coding:** uniquely decodable codes, Prefix codes.

### UNIT II (10 Hours)

**The Huffman coding algorithm:** Minimum variance Huffman codes, Adaptive Huffman coding: Update procedure, Encoding procedure, Decoding procedure. Golomb codes, Rice codes, Tunstall codes, **Applications of Hoffman coding:** Lossless image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression.

# UNIT III (10 Hours)

Arithmetic Coding: Introduction, Coding a Sequence, Generating a Tag, Deciphering the Tag, Generating a Binary Code, Uniqueness and Efficiency of the Arithmetic Code, Algorithm Implementation, Integer Implementation, Comparison of Huffman and Arithmetic Coding, Adaptive Arithmetic Coding

# UNIT IV(12 Hours)

Bi-level image compression-The JBIG standard, JBIG2, Image compression. Dictionary Techniques: Introduction, Static Dictionary: Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary, The LZ77 Approach, The LZ78 Approach, Applications: File Compression-UNIX compress, Image Compression: The Graphics Interchange Format (GIF), Compression over Modems: V.42 bits, Predictive Coding: Prediction with Partial match (ppm): The basic algorithm, The ESCAPE SYMBOL, length of context, The Exclusion Principle, The Burrows-Wheeler Transform: Moveto-front coding, CALIC, JPEG-LS, Multi-resolution Approaches, Facsimile Encoding, Dynamic Markov Compression.

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#### UNIT V (6 Hours)

Mathematical Preliminaries for Lossy Coding, Distortion criteria, Models, The Quantization Problem, Uniform Quantizer, Adaptive Quantization, Forward Adaptive Quantization, Backward Adaptive Quantization, Nonuniform Quantization

# UNIT VI (4 Hours)

Vector Quantization, Advantages of Vector Quantization over Scalar Quantization, The Linde-Buzo-Gray Algorithm, Tree structured Vector Quantizers. Structured VectorQuantizers.

# Text and Reference Books

- 1. Khalid Sayood, Introduction to Data Compression, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers
- 2. Elements of Data Compression Drozdek, Cengage Learning
- 3. Introduction to Data Compression, Second Edition, KhalidSayood, The Morgan aufmannSeries
- 4.Data Compression: The Complete Reference 4th Edition byDavid Salomon, Springer
- 5. Text Compression 1<sup>st</sup>Edition by Timothy C. Bell Prentice Hall

# **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand and apply various coding techniques for data compression.
- Differentiate between lossy and lossless compression.
- Program, Analyze Huffman coding: Loss less image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression.
- Demonstrate conceptually various popular algorithms used for text, image and video compress
- Compare the algorithms used for text, image and video compression.
- Illustrate the concept of vector quantization and its advantage.