

**Scheme of Instruction &  
Syllabi of  
Bachelor of Technology  
(Computer Science and Engineering)  
(With effect from academic session 2023-24)**

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**HOD CSE**

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**STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME**  
**(With effect from academic session 2023-2024)**  
**B.Tech. in Computer Science and Engineering**  
**YEAR IV, SEMESTER VII**

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title / Subjects	Hours Per Week			Evaluation Scheme		Total	Credits
				L	T	P	CA	EE		
1	Professional Elective Course	BCS- 071-075	Elective- IV	3	0	0	25	50	75	3
2	Professional Elective Course	BCS- 076-080	Elective- V	3	0	0	25	50	75	3
3	Open Elective Course	BOE- 701-705	Open Elective-II	3	0	0	25	50	75	3
<b>PRACTICALS AND PROJECTS</b>										
5	Project	BCS- 753	Project - II	0	0	12	50	100	150	6
6	Seminar	BCS-754	Industrial Training Viva	0	0	2	25	0	25	1
			<b>TOTAL</b>	9	0	14	150	250	400	16

**L**-Lecture, **T**- Tutorial, **P**- Practical, **CT** – Cumulative Test, **TA** –Teacher Assessment,  
**AT** – Attendance, **E-Sem** – End Semester Marks

**STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME**  
**(With effect from academic session 2023-2024)**  
**B.Tech. in Computer Science and Engineering**  
**YEAR IV, SEMESTER VIII**

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title / Subjects	Hours Per Week			Evaluation Scheme		Total	Credits
				L	T	P	CA	EE		
1	Professional Elective Course	BCS- 081-085	Elective- VI	3	0	0	25	50	75	3
2	Professional Elective Course	BCS- 086-090	Elective-VII	3	0	0	25	50	75	3
3	Professional Elective Course	BCS- 091-095	Elective- VIII	3	0	0	25	50	75	3
<b>PRACTICALS AND PROJECTS</b>										
4	Project	BCS- 854	Project - III	0	0	12	50	100	150	6
			<b>TOTAL</b>	9	0	12	125	250	375	15

**L-Lecture, T- Tutorial, P- Practical, CT – Cumulative Test, TA –Teacher Assessment, AT – Attendance, E-Sem – End Semester Marks**

**CSE ELECTIVES**

**CSE ELECTIVE-IV**

- BCS-071 Embedded and Real Time Systems
- BCS-072 Data Compression
- BCS-073 Neural Networks
- BCS-074 OS for Smart Devices (Android)
- BCS-075 Client Server Computing

**CSE ELECTIVE –V**

- BCS-076 Distributed Database
- BCS-077 Software Quality Management
- BCS-078 Simulation and Modeling
- BCS-079 UNIX and Shell Programming
- BCS-080 Digital Image Processing

**CSE ELECTIVE –VI**

- BCS-081 Computational Geometry
- BCS-082 Computational Complexity
- BCS-083 IT in Forensics Science
- BCS-084 Advanced Computer Network
- BCS-085 Big Data Analysis

**CSE ELECTIVE- VII**

- BCS-086 Advanced Computer Architecture
- BCS-087 Artificial Intelligence and Expert System
- BCS-088 Data Warehouse and Mining
- BCS-089 Distributed System
- BCS-090 IT Workshop (Sci Lab/ MATLAB)

**CSE ELECTIVE-VIII**

- BCS-091 Cryptography and Network Security
- BCS-092 .NET Framework
- BCS-093 Mobile Computing
- BCS-094 Machine Learning
- BCS-095 Speech and Natural Language Processing

**OPEN ELECTIVES**

**OPEN ELECTIVE-II**

- BOE-701 Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication
- BOE-702 Cyber Laws and Ethics
- BOE-703 Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior
- BOE-704 Product Development
- BOE-705 Queuing Theory and Modeling

<b>BCS-071</b>	<b>Embedded and Real Time Systems</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	Syllabus deals with issues in real time operating systems
<b>CO2</b>	Importance of deadlines and concept of task scheduling
<b>CO3</b>	Student will be able to understand and design real time operating systems which are backbone of embedded industry
<b>CO4</b>	Student will be able to understand Common Approaches to Real Time Scheduling
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about RAC

**Detailed Syllabus**

#### **MODULE-I**

**Introduction:** Embedded Systems and general purpose computer systems, history, classifications, applications and purpose of embedded systems. **Core of Embedded Systems:** Microprocessors and microcontrollers, RISC and CISC controllers, Big endian and Little endian processors, Application specific ICs, Programmable logic devices, COTS, sensors and actuators, communication interface, embedded firmware, other system components, PCB and passive components.

#### **MODULE-II**

**Introduction:** Definition, Typical Real Time Applications: Digital Control, High Level Controls, Signal Processing etc., Release Times, Deadlines, and Timing Constraints, Hard Real Time Systems and Soft Real Time Systems, Reference Models for Real Time Systems: Processors and Resources, Temporal Parameters of Real Time Workload, Periodic Task Model, Precedence Constraints and Data Dependency.

#### **MODULE-III**

**Real Time Scheduling:** Common Approaches to Real Time Scheduling: Clock Driven Approach, Weighted Round Robin Approach, Priority Driven Approach, Dynamic Versus Static Systems, Optimality of Effective-Deadline-First (EDF) and Least-Slack-Time-First (LST) Algorithms, Rate Monotonic Algorithm, Offline Versus Online Scheduling, Scheduling Aperiodic and Sporadic jobs in Priority Driven and Clock Driven Systems.

**Resources Sharing:** Effect of Resource Contention and Resource Access Control (RAC), Non-preemptive Critical Sections, Basic Priority-Inheritance and Priority-Ceiling Protocols, Stack Based Priority- Ceiling Protocol, Use of Priority-Ceiling Protocol in Dynamic Priority Systems, Preemption Ceiling Protocol.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	To present the mathematical model of the system.
<b>CO2</b>	To develop real-time algorithm for task scheduling.
<b>CO3</b>	To understand the working of real-time operating systems and real-time database
<b>CO4</b>	To work on design and development of protocols related to real-time communication.
<b>CO5</b>	Able to implement RAC

**Text Books:-**

1. Real Time Systems by Jane W. S. Liu, Pearson Education Publication.
2. Embedded Systems, Rajkamal, TataMcGraw-Hill

**Reference Books:**

1. Mall Rajib, “Real Time Systems”, Pearson Education
2. Albert M. K. Cheng , “Real-Time Systems: Scheduling, Analysis, and Verification”, Wiley.

<b>BCS-072</b>	<b>Data Compression</b>	<b>L</b> <b>3</b>	<b>T</b> <b>0</b>	<b>P</b> <b>0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** Students should have the knowledge of computer graphics

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To introduce students to basic applications, concepts, and techniques of Data Compression
<b>CO2</b>	To develop skills for using recent data compression software to solve practical problems in a variety of disciplines.
<b>CO3</b>	To gain experience doing independent study and research
<b>CO4</b>	Student will be able to understand different types of coding

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Compression Techniques:** Loss less compression, Lossy Compression, Measures of performance, Modeling and coding, Mathematical *Preliminaries* for Lossless compression: A brief introduction to information theory, Models: Physical models, Probability models, Markov models, composite source model, **Coding:** uniquely decodable codes, Prefix codes.

**The Huffman coding algorithm:** Minimum variance Huffman codes, Adaptive Huffman coding: Update procedure, Encoding procedure, Decoding procedure. Golomb codes, Rice codes, Tunstall codes, Applications of Huffman coding: Loss less image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression.

**MODULE-II**

Coding a sequence, Generating a binary code, Comparison of Binary and Huffman coding, Applications: Bi-level image compression-The JBIG standard, JBIG2, Image compression. Dictionary Techniques: Introduction, Static Dictionary: Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary. The LZ77 Approach, The LZ78 Approach, Applications: File Compression-UNIX compress.

**Image Compression:** The Graphics Interchange Format (GIF), Compression over Modems: V.42bits. Predictive Coding: Prediction with Partial match (ppm): The basic algorithm, The ESCAPE SYMBOL, length of context, The Exclusion Principle, The Burrows-Wheeler Transform: Move-to-front coding, CALIC, JPEG-LS, Multi-resolution Approaches, Facsimile Encoding, Dynamic Markov Compression.

**MODULE-III**

**Distortion criteria, Models, Scalar Quantization:** The Quantization problem, Uniform Quantizer, Adaptive Quantization, Non uniform Quantization.

Advantages of Vector Quantization over Scalar Quantization, The Linde-Buzo-Gray Algorithm, Tree structured Vector Quantizers. Structured Vector Quantizers.

**Text Book:**

1. Khalid Sayood, Introduction to Data Compression, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Program, analyze Huffman coding: Loss less image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression
CO2	Program and analyze various Image compression and dictionary-based techniques like static Dictionary, Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary
CO3	Understand the statistical basis and performance metrics for lossless compression
CO4	Understand the conceptual basis for commonly used lossless compression techniques, and understand how to use and evaluate several readily available implementations of those techniques



<b>BCS-073</b>	<b>NEURAL NETWORK</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To understand the basic concepts of learning and decision trees.
<b>CO2</b>	To understand the neural networks and genetic algorithms
<b>CO3</b>	To understand the instant based learning
<b>CO4</b>	To understand the analytical learning and reinforced learning
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about SOM

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

Neuro computing and Neuroscience: Historical notes, human Brain, neuron Mode I, Knowledge representation, AI and NN. Learning process: Supervised and unsupervised learning, Error correction learning, competitive learning, adaptation, statistical nature of the learning process.

Data processing: Scaling, normalization, Transformation (FT/FFT), principal component analysis, regression, covariance matrix, eigen values & eigen vectors. Basic Models of Artificial neurons, activation Functions, aggregation function, single neuron computation, multilayer perceptron, least mean square algorithm, gradient descent rule, nonlinearly separable problems and bench mark problems in NN.

**MODULE-II**

Multilayered network architecture, back propagation algorithm, heuristics for making BP algorithm performs better. Accelerated learning BP (like recursive least square, quick prop, PROP algorithm), approximation properties of RBF networks and comparison with multilayer perceptron.

**MODULE-III**

Recurrent network and temporal feed-forward network, implementation with BP, self organizing map and SOM algorithm, properties of feature map and computer simulation. Principal component and Independent component analysis, application to image and signal processing.

Complex valued NN and complex valued BP, analyticity of activation function, application in 2D information processing. Complexity analysis of network models. Soft computing. Neuro-Fuzzy-genetic algorithm Integration.

<b>CO1</b>	Choose the learning techniques with this basic knowledge.
<b>CO2</b>	Apply effectively neural networks and genetic algorithms for appropriate applications.
<b>CO3</b>	Explain the different machine learning techniques
<b>CO4</b>	Choose and differentiate reinforcement and analytical learning techniques
<b>CO5</b>	Can implement about SOM

**Text Books:**

1. J.A. Anderson, An Introduction to Neural Networks, MIT
2. Hagen Demuth Beale, Neural Network Design, Cengage Learning

**References:**

1. R.L. Harvey, Neural Network Principles, PHI
2. Kosko, Neural Network and Fuzzy Sets, PHI

<b>BCS-074</b>	<b>Android Operating System</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To introduce Android platform and its architecture.
<b>CO2</b>	To learn activity creation and Android UI designing.
<b>CO3</b>	To be familiarized with Intent, Broadcast receivers and Internet services.
<b>CO4</b>	To integrate multimedia, camera and Location based services in Android Application.
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about publishing

**Detailed Syllabus**

### MODULE-I

About Android , Smart phones future, **Preparing the environment-** Installing the SDK , Creating Android Emulator , Installing Eclipse , Installing Android Development Tools , Choosing which Android version to use **Android Architecture-** Android Stack, Android applications structure

### MODULE 2

**UI Architecture-**Application context , Intents ,Activity life cycle , Supporting multiple screen sizes **User Interface Widgets-** Text controls , Button controls ,Toggle buttons , Images **Notifications and Toasts-** Parameters on Intents ,Pending intents ,Status bar notifications ,Toast notifications **Menus-** Localization, Options menu , Context menu **Dialogues-** Alert dialog , Custom dialog , Dialog as Activity

### MODULE 3

**Lists-**Using string arrays, Creating lists, Custom lists **Location and Maps-** Google maps , Using GPS to find current location **Working of Data Storages-**Shared preferences ,Preferences activity ,Files access , SQLite database **Network Communication-**Web Services , HTTP Client , XML and JSON **Services-**Service lifecycle, Foreground service **Publishing the App-**Preparing for publishing ,Signing and preparing the graphics ,Publishing to the Android Market.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Describe Android platform, Architecture and features.
<b>CO2</b>	Design User Interface and develop activity for Android App.
<b>CO3</b>	Use Internet, Broadcast receivers and Internet services in Android App.
<b>CO4</b>	Use multimedia, camera and Location based services in Android App.
<b>CO5</b>	Understand about Publishing



**Text Books:**

1. Bill Philips & Brian Hardy, Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide
2. Greg Nudelman, Android Design Patterns: Interaction Design Solutions for Developers
3. Ian G. Clifton, Android User Interface Design: Turning Ideas and Sketches into Beautifully Designed Apps
4. Ed Burnette, Hello, Android: Introducing Google's Mobile Development Platform (Pragmatic Programmers).

<b>BCS-075</b>	<b>Client Server Computing</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To introduce concept of client server computing
<b>CO2</b>	To apply the techniques and features of a client/server development language to construct a moderately complex client/server application
<b>CO3</b>	To learn the advantages of client-server systems over monolithic systems.
<b>CO4</b>	To understand the future and scope of client server computing
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about CGI

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Client/Server Computing:** DBMS concept and architecture, Single system image, Client Server architecture, mainframe-centric client server computing, downsizing and client server computing, client server file system, client server development tools, advantages of client server computing. Components of Client/Server application: The client: services, request for services, RPC, windows services, fax, print services, remote boot services, Utility Services & Other Services, Example of authentication server, type of servers and their services, Network operating system, email servers.

**MODULE-II**

**Client/Server Network:** connectivity, communication interface technology, Interposes communication, wide area network technologies, network topologies (Token Ring, Ethernet, FDDI, CDDI) network management, Client-server system development: Software, Client– Server System Hardware: Network Acquisition, Secure Socket layer, Introduction to cloud architecture.

**MODULE-III**

**Client server computing and Internet:** Client server and internet, Web client server, 3 tier client server web style, CGI , the server side of web, CGI and State, SQL database servers, Middleware and federated databases, data warehouses, EIS/DSS to data mining, GroupWare Server , what is GroupWare, components of GroupWare. Client Server Systems Development: Naming, Addressing, and Location Services, Client/server security, Distributed file systems, Distributed DBMS, Data Replication, Distributed Programming, Managing a Client/Server Environment, The future of client server Computing Enabling Technologies.(Expert system, EDI, Multimedia, SET)

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Comprehend the basic concepts of the client-server model.
<b>CO2</b>	Understand how Client-Server systems work.
<b>CO3</b>	Improve the performance and reliability of Client Server based systems.
<b>CO4</b>	Identify security and ethical issues in Client Server Computing
<b>CO5</b>	Can aware about future of CSC



**Text Books:**

1. Patrick Smith & Steve Guengerich, "Client / Server Computing", PHI
2. Dawn Travis Dewire, "Client/Server Computing", TMH
3. Majumdar & Bhattacharya, "Database management System", TMH
4. Korth, Silberchatz, Sudarshan, "Database Concepts", McGraw Hill
5. Elmasri, Navathe, S.B, "Fundamentals of Data Base System", Addison Wesley

<b>BCS-076</b>	<b>Distributed Database</b>	<b>L</b> <b>3</b>	<b>T</b> <b>0</b>	<b>P</b> <b>0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** students should know about the database and distribution system and how the data can distribute.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	Enhanced the knowledge in the area of Distributed Database system.
<b>CO2</b>	Comprehend the Distributed query processing
<b>CO3</b>	The subject explores the ideas of Transaction management and concurrency control.
<b>CO4</b>	Know the parallel database system architecture.
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about Distributed Deadlock Detection

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Transaction and schedules:** Concurrent Execution of transaction, Conflict and ViewSerializability, Testing for Serializability, Concepts in Recoverable and Cascadeless schedules.  
Lock based protocols, time stamp based protocols, Multiple Granularity and MultiversionTechniques, Enforcing serializability by Locks, Locking system with multiple lock modes, architecture for Locking scheduler.

**MODULE-II**

**Distributed Transactions Management:** Data Distribution, Fragmentation and ReplicationTechniques, Distributed Commit, Distributed Locking schemes, Long duration transactions, Moss Concurrency protocol. Issues of Recovery and atomicity in Distributed Databases, Traditional recovery techniques, Logbased recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Recovery in Message passing systems, Checkpoints, Algorithms for recovery line, Concepts in Orphan and Inconsistent Messages.

**MODULE-III**

**Distributed Query Processing:** Multiway Joins, Semi joins, Cost based query optimization for distributed database, Updating replicated data, protocols for Distributed Deadlock Detection, Eager and Lazy Replication Techniques.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Aware of fundamentals of Distributed Database systems.
<b>CO2</b>	Use the different techniques of Distributed query processing.
<b>CO3</b>	Set the rules over management of transaction and concurrency control.
<b>CO4</b>	Familiar with parallel database system architecture.
<b>CO5</b>	Understand Distributed Deadlock Detection

**Text Books:**

1. Silberschatz, orth and Sudershan, Database System Concept', McGraw Hill
2. Ramakrishna and Gehrke,' Database Management System, McGraw Hill

**References:**

1. Garcia-Molina, Ullman,Widom,' Database System Implementation' Pearson Education
2. Ceei and Pelagatti,'Distributed Database', TMH
3. Singhal and Shivratri, 'Advance Concepts in Operating Systems' MC Graw Hill

<b>BCS-077</b>	<b>Software Quality Management</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites: None**

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To make the students understand the quality management process in the development of software.
<b>CO2</b>	To make the students understand the importance of standards in the quality assurance process and their impact on the final product.
<b>CO3</b>	To understand quality control and reliability
<b>CO4</b>	To study ISO 9000 standard
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about CMM and CMMI – Six Sigma concepts.

**Detailed Syllabus**

### **MODULE - I**

#### **INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE QUALITY:**

Software Quality – Hierarchical models of Boehm and McCall – Quality measurement – Metrics measurement and analysis – Gilb’s approach – GQM Model

**SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE:** Quality tasks – SQA plan – Teams – Characteristics – Implementation – Documentation – Reviews and Audits

### **MODULE - II**

#### **QUALITY CONTROL AND RELIABILITY:**

Tools for Quality – Ishikawa’s basic tools – CASE tools – Defect prevention and removal – Reliability models – Rayleigh model – Reliability growth models for quality assessment

### **MODULE - III**

#### **QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM:**

Elements of QMS – Rayleigh model framework – Reliability Growth models for QMS – Complexity metrics and models – Customer satisfaction analysis.

**Quality Standards:** Need for standards – ISO 9000 Series – ISO 9000-3 for software development – CMM and CMMI – Six Sigma concepts.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Distinguish between the various activities of quality assurance, quality planning and quality control
<b>CO2</b>	Aware of Ishikawa’s basic tools
<b>CO3</b>	Familiar with quality standards
<b>CO4</b>	Familiar with basic tools and models for quality assessment
<b>CO5</b>	Understand about CMM and CMMI – Six Sigma concepts.



**Text Books:**

1. Allan C. Gillies, “Software Quality: Theory and Management”, Thomson Learning, 2003.
2. Stephen H. Kan, “Metrics and Models in Software Quality Engineering”, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte Ltd., 2002.

**References Books:**

1. Norman E. Fenton and Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, “Software Metrics” Thomson, 2003
2. Mordechai Ben – Menachem and Garry S.Marliss, “Software Quality”, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd, 2003.
3. Mary Beth Chrissis, Mike Konrad and Sandy Shrum, “CMMI”, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte Ltd, 2003.
4. ISO 9000-3 “Notes for the application of the ISO 9001 Standard to software development”.

<b>BCS-078</b>	<b>Simulation and Modeling</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites: None**

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	Define the basics of simulation modeling and replicating the practical situations in organizations
<b>CO2</b>	Generate random numbers and random variates using different techniques.
<b>CO3</b>	Develop simulation model using heuristic methods.
<b>CO4</b>	Analysis of Simulation models using input analyzer, and output analyzer
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about oriented simulation packages

**Detailed Syllabus**

### **MODULE-I**

System definition and components, stochastic activities, continuous and discrete systems, system modeling, types of models, static and dynamic physical models, static and dynamic mathematical models, full corporate model, types of system study.

System simulation, why & when to simulate, nature and techniques of simulation, comparison of simulation and analytical methods, types of system simulation, real time simulation, hybrid simulation, simulation of pure-pursuit problem, single-server queuing system and an inventory problem, Monte-Carlo simulation, Distributed Lag models, Cobweb model.

### **MODULE-II**

Simulation of continuous systems, analog vs. digital Simulation, Simulation of water reservoir system, Simulation of a servo system, simulation of an autopilot, Discrete system simulation, fixed time-step vs. even-to-even model, generation of random numbers, test for randomness, Monte-Carlo computation vs. stochastic simulation.

System dynamics, exponential growth models, exponential decay models, modified exponential growth models, logistic curves, generalization of growth models, system dynamic diagrams Introduction to SIMSCRIPT: Program, system concepts, origination, and statements, defining the telephone system model.

### **MODULE-III**

Simulation of PERT Networks, critical path computation, uncertainties in activity duration, resource allocation and consideration. Simulation languages and software, continuous and discrete simulation languages, expression based languages, object oriented simulation, general purpose vs. application - oriented simulation packages, CSMP-III, MODSIM-III. **Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Describe the role of important elements of discrete event simulation and modeling paradigm.
<b>CO2</b>	Conceptualize real world situations related to systems development decisions, originating from source requirements and goals.
<b>CO3</b>	Develop skills to apply simulation software to construct and execute goal-driven system models.
<b>CO4</b>	Interpret the model and apply the results to resolve critical issues in a real world environment.
<b>CO5</b>	Understand oriented simulation packages



**. Text Books:**

1. Geoffrey Gordon, “ System Simulation”, PHI
2. Jerry Banks, John S. C Barry L. Nelson David M. Nicol, “Discrete Event SystemSimulation”, Pearson Education

**References:**

1. V P Singh, “System Modeling and simulation”, New Age International.
2. Averill M. Law, W. David Kelton, “System Modeling and simulation and Analysis”, TMH

<b>BCS-079</b>	<b>Unix and Shell Programming</b>	<b>L</b> <b>3</b>	<b>T</b> <b>0</b>	<b>P</b> <b>0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To enable the students to understand Features of UNIX
<b>CO2</b>	Understanding concept of Open Source Software
<b>CO3</b>	To learn basic commands of Linux
<b>CO4</b>	Understanding about Shell Script
<b>CO5</b>	To Know about Role of system administrator

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE I**

**Introduction to UNIX:** Features of UNIX Operating System, UNIX system organization (the kernel and the shell), Files and directories, Library Functions and system calls, Editors (vi and ed). Introduction to the Concept of Open Source Software, Linux, Linux Architecture, Linux file system (inode, Super block, Mounting and Un-mounting), Essential Linux Commands (grep, fgrep, egrep, make, nmake, gmake, rcs, cvs, sccs, ar, tar, cpio, pax, RPM, autoconfig. Users and permissions- chmod, su, mount, df, fsck, dd, etc), Kernel, Process Management in Linux, Signal Handling, System call, System call for Files, Processes and Signals.

**MODULE-II**

**Programming in shell script:** Types of shells, Shell Meta characters, Shell variables, Shell scripts, Shell commands, the environment, Integer arithmetic and string manipulation, Special command line characters, Decision making and loop control, controlling terminal input, trapping signals, arrays. I/O Redirection and Piping, Vi and Emacs editor, Shell control statements, Find, Shell Meta- characters, Shell Scripts, Shell keywords, Shell Procedures and Reporting, Handling documents, scheduling of processes at command, cron, batch commands, Command line argument, Background processes, process synchronization, Sharing of data, user-id, group-id.

**MODULE-III**

**Network Administration:** System administration Common administrative tasks, identifying administrative files – configuration and log files, Role of system administrator, Managing user accounts- adding & deleting users, changing permissions and ownerships, Creating and managing groups, modifying group attributes, Temporary disable user's accounts, creating and mounting file system, checking and monitoring system performance file security & permissions, becoming super user using su. **Case study-** Amoeba, Corba, Mac, Eros, Ubuntu.



**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Ability to remember and understand factual knowledge relevant to system administration tools and technologies
<b>CO2</b>	Ability to write how-to documents, white papers, tutorials guiding other system administrators or users step-by-step through system administration tasks
<b>CO3</b>	Ability to identify abnormal behavior in a computing system, make hypothesis on how to address it, and implement solutions
<b>CO4</b>	Case study of Amoeba, Corba, Mac, Eros, Ubuntu
<b>CO5</b>	Aware about Role of system administrator

**Text Book:**

1. “Unix Programming Environment” The Kernighan and Pike Prentice – Hall of India

**Reference Book:**

1. “Unix –Shell Programming” Kochar

<b>BCS-080</b>	<b>Digital Image Processing</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To learn the advanced concepts of image processing and its implementation.
<b>CO2</b>	Enhance the visual quality of given grey/color image using well known transformations and filters.
<b>CO3</b>	Distinguish between lossy and lossless image compression prototypes.
<b>CO4</b>	Demonstrate the use of MATLAB to create correlative image processing applications
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about Max and Min filters

**Detailed Syllabus**

### MODULE I

Introduction and Fundamentals Motivation and Perspective, Applications, Components of Image Processing System, Element of Visual Perception, A Simple Image Model, Sampling and Quantization. Image Enhancement in Frequency Domain Fourier Transform and the Frequency Domain, Basis of Filtering in Frequency Domain, Filters – Low-pass, High-pass; Correspondence Between Filtering in Spatial and Frequency Domain; Smoothing Frequency Domain Filters – Gaussian Lowpass Filters; Sharpening Frequency Domain Filters – Gaussian Highpass Filters; Homomorphic Filtering.

### MODULE II

Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain Introduction; Basic Gray Level Functions – Piecewise-Linear Transformation Functions: Contrast Stretching; Histogram Specification; Histogram Equalization; Local Enhancement; Enhancement using Arithmetic/Logic Operations – Image Subtraction, Image Averaging; Basics of Spatial Filtering; Smoothing - Mean filter, Ordered Statistic Filter; Sharpening – The Laplacian.

### MODULE III

Image Restoration A Model of Restoration Process, Noise Models, Restoration in the presence of Noise only-Spatial Filtering – Mean Filters: Arithmetic Mean filter, Geometric Mean Filter, Order Statistic Filters – Median Filter, Max and Min filters; Periodic Noise Reduction by Frequency Domain Filtering – Bandpass Filters; Minimum Mean-square Error Restoration.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	To acquire the knowledge of soft computing and hard computing
<b>CO2</b>	To develop skill in soft computing methodology
<b>CO3</b>	To acquire the knowledge of the fuzzy Neural network and Genetic Language
<b>CO4</b>	To analyze and optimized the problem of real-life applications
<b>CO5</b>	Able to explain Max and Min filters



**Text Books:**

1. Digital Image Processing 2nd Edition, Rafael C. Gonzalvez and Richard E. Woods. Published by: Pearson Education.
2. Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision, R.J. Schalkoff. Published by: John Wiley and Sons, NY.
3. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A.K. Jain. Published by Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ. E

BOE-701	Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication	L T P 3 0 0	3 Credits
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**Pre-requisites:** students should have basic knowledge of English

**Course Objectives:**

CO1	To understand the fundamental soft skills and of their practical social and workplace usage.
CO2	To encourage the all round development of students by focusing on soft skills
CO3	To expose students to right attitudinal and behavioral aspects and to build the same through activities
CO4	To develop and nurture the soft skills of the students through individual and group activities.
CO5	To Learn about the time management

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE I**

**Soft Skills:** An Introduction – Definition and Significance of Soft Skills; Process, Importance and Measurement of Soft Skill Development. **Self-Discovery:** Discovering the Self; **Positivity and Motivation:** Developing Positive Thinking and Attitude, **Interpersonal Communication:** Interpersonal relations, communication models, process and barriers listening skills; essential formal writing skills; corporate communication styles – assertion, persuasion, negotiation.

**MODULE II**

**Interview Skills:** Interviewer and Interviewee – in-depth perspectives. **Presentation Skills:** Types, Content, Audience Analysis, Etiquette and Manners – Social and Business. **Public Speaking:** Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking. Group Discussion: Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills assessed; Effectively disagreeing, Initiating, Summarizing and Attaining the Objective. **Non-Verbal Communication:** Importance and Elements; Body Language. Teamwork and Leadership Skills. **Time Management**– Concept, Essentials, Tips.

**MODULE III**

**Personality Development** – Meaning, Nature, Features, Stages, Models; Learning Skills; Adaptability Skills, **Decision-Making and Problem-Solving Skills:** Meaning, Types and Models, Group and Ethical Decision-Making, **Stress Management:** Stress - Definition, Nature, Types, Symptoms and Causes; Stress Analysis Models and Impact of Stress; Measurement and Management of Stress, **Leadership and Assertiveness Skills:** A Good Leader; Leaders and Managers; Leadership Theories; Types of Leaders; Leadership Behavior, Assertiveness Skills. **Emotional Intelligence:** Meaning, History, Features, Components, Intrapersonal and Management Excellence; Strategies to enhance Emotional Intelligence.





**.Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Effectively communicate through verbal/oral communication and improve the listening skills
<b>CO2</b>	Actively participate in group discussion / meetings / interviews and prepare & deliver presentations
<b>CO3</b>	Become more effective individual through goal/target setting, self motivation and practicing creative thinking.
<b>CO4</b>	Function effectively in multi-disciplinary and heterogeneous teams through the knowledge of team work, Inter-personal relationships, stress management.
<b>CO5</b>	Can use time implement

**Text Books:**

- 1 Managing Soft Skills for Personality Development – edited by B.N.Ghosh, McGraw Hill India, 2012.
2. English and Soft Skills – S.P.Dhanavel, Orient Blackswan India, 2010.

<b>BOE-702</b>	<b>Cyber Law and Ethics</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** students should know about the security of any system.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To Understand, Explore, And Acquire A Critical Understanding Cyber Law
<b>CO2</b>	Develop Competencies for dealing with Frauds and Deceptions (Confidence Tricks, Scams) And Other Cyber Crimes
<b>CO3</b>	Knowledge about Information Security policies
<b>CO4</b>	To understand the types of crime and precautions
<b>CO5</b>	To aware about Cyber-Stalking

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE I**

**Introduction to Computer Security:** Definition, Threats to security, Government requirements, Information Protection and Access Controls, Computer security efforts, Standards, Computer Security mandates and legislation, Privacy considerations, International security activity.

**MODULE II**

**Information security policies and procedures:** Corporate policies- Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier3 policies -process management-planning and preparation-developing policies-asset classification policy developing standards. cyber-crime, types of cyber-crimes, Digital evidence, nature of digital evidence, precautions while dealing with digital evidence

**MODULE III**

**Information security:** fundamentals-Employee responsibilities- information classification- Information handling- Tools of information security- Information processing-secure program administration, **Case Study on Cyber Crimes:** Harassment Via E-Mails, Email Spoofing (online a method of sending e-mail using a false name or e-mail address to make it appear that the e-mail comes from somebody other than the true sender), Cyber Pornography (Exm.MMS), Cyber-Stalking.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Make Learner Conversant with The Social and Intellectual Property Issues Emerging From 'Cyberspace.
<b>CO2</b>	Explore the Legal and Policy Developments in Various Countries to Regulate Cyberspace
<b>CO3</b>	Develop the Understanding of Relationship Between Commerce and Cyberspace
<b>CO4</b>	Make Study on Various Case Studies on Real Time Crimes.
<b>CO5</b>	Can Explain Cyber-Stalking

**Text Books:**

1. K.Kumar,” Cyber Laws: Intellectual property & E Commerce, Security”,1 st Edition, Dominant Publisher,2011.
2. Rodney D. Ryder, “Guide To Cyber Laws”, Second Edition, Wadhwa And Company, New Delhi, 2007.
3. Information Security policy &implementation Issues, NIIT, PHI.

**References:**

1. Vakul Sharma, "Handbook Of Cyber Laws" Macmillan India Ltd, 2 nd Edition,PHI,2003.
2. Justice Yatindra Singh, " Cyber Laws", Universal Law Publishing, 1 st Edition,New Delhi, 2003.
3. Sharma, S.R., “Dimensions Of Cyber Crime”, Annual Publications Pvt. Ltd., 1st Edition, 2004.
4. Augastine, Paul T.,” Cyber Crimes And Legal Issues”, Crecent Publishing Corporation, 2007.

<b>BOE-703</b>	<b>Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To learn about HRD macro and micro perspective
<b>CO2</b>	Knowledge about Instructional Technology for HRD
<b>CO3</b>	To learn various training methods
<b>CO4</b>	To learn Strategies of Training Programs
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about Team Development

**Detailed Syllabus**

### MODULE I

**HRD-Macro Perspective:** HRD Concept, Origin and Need, HRD as a Total System; Approaches to HRD; Human Development and HRD; HRD at Macro and Micro Climate. **HRD-Micro Perspective:** Areas of HRD; HRD Interventions Performance Appraisal, Potential Appraisal, Feedback and Performance Coaching, Training, Career Planning, OD or Systems Development, Rewards, Employee Welfare and Quality of Work Life and Human Resource Information; Staffing for HRD: Roles of HR Developer; Physical and Financial Resources for HRD; HR Accounting; HRD Audit, Strategic HRD

### MODULE II

**Instructional Technology for HRD:** Learning and HRD; Models and Curriculum; Principles of Learning; Group and Individual Learning; Transactional Analysis; Assessment Centre; Behavior Modeling and Self-Directed Learning; Evaluating the HRD, **Human Resource Training and Development:** Concept and Importance; Assessing Training Needs; Designing and Evaluating T&D Programs; Role, Responsibilities and challenges to Training Managers.

### MODULE III

**Training Methods:** Training with in Industry (TWI): On the Job & Off the Job Training; Management Development: Lecture Method; Role Play; In-basket Exercise; Simulation; Vestibule Training; Management Games; Case Study; Programmed Instruction; Team Development; Sensitivity Training; Globalization challenges and Strategies of Training Program, Review on T&D programs in India.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Explore the roles and responsibilities of HRD
<b>CO2</b>	To analyze various types of training
<b>CO3</b>	Explore the roles and responsibilities to training managers
<b>CO4</b>	To Explore the Physical and Financial Resources for HRD
<b>CO5</b>	Explain Team Development



**Text Books:**

1. Nadler, Leonard: Corporat Human Resource Development, Van Nostrand Reinhold, ASTD, New York.
2. Rao, T.V and Pareek, Udai: Designing and Managing Human Resource Systems, Oxford IBH Pub. Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
3. Rao, T.V: Readings in HRD, Oxford IBH Pub. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.



<b>BOE-704</b>	<b>Product Development</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To understand basic concepts of product design, product features
<b>CO2</b>	Ability to coordinate multiple, interdisciplinary tasks in order to achieve a common objective.
<b>CO3</b>	Competence with a set of tools and methods for product design and development.
<b>CO4</b>	Reinforcement of specific knowledge from other courses through practice and reflection in an action-oriented setting.
<b>CO5</b>	Introduction about ROBUST DESIGN

**Detailed Syllabus**

#### **MODULE I**

**Introduction:** Need for IPPD, strategic importance of product development – integration of customer, designer, material supplier and process planner, Competitor and costumer – behavior analysis Understanding customer – promoting customer understanding – involve customer in development and managing requirements – Organization – process management and improvement – Plan and establish product specification.

#### **MODULE II**

**Concept generation and concept selection:** Activity of concept generation – Structured approaches – Five step Method: clarify – Search-Externally and internally – explore systematically – reflect on the solutions and processes – Concept selection – Integral part of PDD process-methodology – benefits. Investigation of customer needs –conceptualization – refinement – management of the industrial design process – technology driven products – user – driven products – assessing the quality of industrial design.

#### **MODULE III**

**Product Architecture:** Implications – Product change – variety – component standardization – Product performance – manufacturability Industrial design: Assessing the need for industrial design, impact – design process Integrate design process – assessing the quality of industrial design. ROBUST DESIGN – introduction, various steps in robust design.

**Text Books:**

1. Kari T.Ulrich and Steven D.Eppinger,"Product Design and Development", McGraw-Hill International Edns. 1999.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Students will able to design some products for the given set of applications
<b>CO2</b>	knowledge gained through prototyping technology will help the student to make a prototype of a problem
<b>CO3</b>	Evaluate the role of design in product development, and the ability to address costs issues through better design decisions
<b>CO4</b>	Understand and discuss key concepts and principles concerning the activities and competencies involved in new product development.
<b>CO5</b>	Explain ROBUST DESIGN

<b>BOE-705</b>	<b>Queuing Theory and Modelling</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>2 1 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To provide the ideas of formulating mathematical modeling
<b>CO2</b>	To give students a firm foundation in the advanced optimization techniques
<b>CO3</b>	Introduction to Queuing Systems and Notation.
<b>CO4</b>	Understand and compute quantitative metrics of performance for queuing systems.
<b>CO5</b>	To learn about maintenance and replacement systems

**Detailed Syllabus**

### MODULE I

Systems, modelling, general systems theory, concept of simulation, simulation as a decision making tool, types of simulation. Pseudo random numbers, methods of generating random variables, discrete and continuous distributions, testing of random numbers, concepts of Queuing theory, The simplex computational procedure, development of minimum feasible solution, a first feasible solution using slack variables, the artificial basis technique. Two phase method and Charnels Method with artificial variables.

### MODULE II

The duality problem of linear programming and its economic interpretation, transportation and assignment problems. Queuing Theory: Introduction of the queuing system, Various components of a queuing system. Pure Birth Process; Pure Death Process, Birth and Death Process, M/M/1, M/M/1 (Generalized), M/M/1/FCFS/K/∞, M/M/C, Erlang's loss model.

### MODULE III

**Case studies:** Development of simulation models using simulation language studied for systems like queuing systems, Production systems, Inventory systems, maintenance and replacement systems and Investment analysis.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Design of experts system.
<b>CO2</b>	Study to design a model and simulate it for any real life complex problem.
<b>CO3</b>	Study of queuing model theory that is used to model and simulate real life problem.
<b>CO4</b>	Study to design a model and simulate it for any real life complex problem.
<b>CO5</b>	Explain about maintenance and replacement systems

**Text Books:**

- Hillier, F.S. and Liebermann, G.J. (2009): Introduction to Operations Research; 9th Edition, McGraw Hill.
- Gass, S.I. (2010): Linear Programming, Methods and Applications, 5th Edition, Dover Books.



<b>BAS-701</b>	<b>Genetics Science</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>2 1 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To discuss the genetic basis of cancer and implications for clinical diagnosis, prognostication and disease monitoring
<b>CO2</b>	To obtain basic knowledge of chromosomal abnormalities in tumour cells, methods for detection and their clinical significance
<b>CO3</b>	To Learn Induction of Mutation
<b>CO4</b>	To learn Structural alteration in chromosome
<b>CO5</b>	To discuss Detection of mutation in plants

**Detailed Syllabus**

### MODULE - I

**Linkage and Crossing over:** Concept of linkage and factors affecting true strength of Linkage. Theories of crossing over at chromosomal & molecular level (Chiasmata, Precocity, Bellings, Whitehouse and Holiday model, Sobel's concept. Measurement of linkage from F2 and back cross data, Genetic map of chromosomes, double crossing over, interference and coincidence.

### MODULE - II

**Mutation:** Types of mutation, mutation rate, Base substitution (transition and transversion) Frame shift mutation. Mechanism of gene mutation. **Induction of mutation:** Target theory, Peroxide formation, UV rays and Thymine dimer, Incorporation of base analogue. Tautomerization and chemical alteration in nucleic acids. Detection of mutation in plants and Drosophila.

### MODULE - III

**Polyploidy:** Classification, cytological and genetical method of identification of autopolyploids and allopolyploids. Classification, method of production, identification and meiotic behaviour of aneuploids (Monosomics, Nullisomics and trisomics). **Structural alteration in chromosome:** Deletion, Duplication, Inversion & Translocation, hetrozygote.

**Text Books:**

1. Nussbaum, R. L. et al., Thompson & Thompson Genetics in Medicine.
2. Peter S. Harper, Practical genetic counselling.
3. Peter D. Turnpenny, Sian Ellard, Emery's elements of medical genetics.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Describe the genetic basis of cancers and explain the implications for clinical diagnosis, prognostication and disease monitoring
<b>CO2</b>	Distinguish the different types of genetic changes in cancers and their clinical applications
<b>CO3</b>	Explain Mutation and its types
<b>CO4</b>	Discuss the evidence for genetic susceptibility of cancers
<b>CO5</b>	Discuss the concept of Polyploidy

<b>BCS-081</b>	<b>Computational Geometry</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** students should know about the computer graphics.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	Introduce rigorous algorithmic analysis for problems in Computational Geometry.
<b>CO2</b>	Discuss applications of Computational Geometry to graphical rendering.
<b>CO3</b>	Introduce the notions of Voronoi diagrams and Delaunay Triangulations.
<b>CO4</b>	Develop expected case analyses for linear programming problems in small dimensions.
<b>CO5</b>	Discuss Trapezoidal maps

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE I**

Introduction, Application domains of computational geometry, Limitations of computational geometry, Convex hulls, Jarvis March method, Graham's scan method, Planar Graphs, Regions, Dual of a graph, Geometric Dual, Triangulations: polygon triangulations, guarding, Art Gallery problem.

**MODULE-II**

Voronoi diagrams: construction and applications, Delaunay triangulations, Divide and conquer approach, Flip and incremental algorithms, duality of Voronoi diagrams, min-max angle properties. Geometric searching: point-location, Trapezoidal maps, Fractional cascading, Finger trees, Segment trees, Interval trees, Visibility: weak and strong.

**MODULE-III**

Arrangements of lines: zone theorem, Combinatorial geometry: Ham-sandwich cuts. Sweep techniques: plane sweep for segment intersections, Fortune's sweep for Voronoi diagrams, Topological sweep for line arrangements.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Analyze randomized algorithms for small domain problems.
<b>CO2</b>	Use line-point duality to develop efficient algorithms.
<b>CO3</b>	Apply geometric techniques to real-world problems in graphics.
<b>CO4</b>	Solve linear programs geometrically.
<b>CO5</b>	Use Jarvis March method

**Text Books:**

1. Franco P. Preparata and Michael Ian Shamos, “Computational Geometry: An Introduction”, Springer.
2. Mark de Berg, Marc van Kreveld, Mark Overmars, and Otfried Cheong, “Computational Geometry: Algorithms and Applications”, Springer.

**Reference Books:**

1. Ketan Mulmuley, “Computational Geometry: An Introduction Through Randomized Algorithms”, Prentice-Hall.
2. Joseph O'Rourke, “Computational Geometry in C”, Cambridge University Press.

<b>BCS-082</b>	<b>Computational Complexity</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** students should know about that how to calculate the complexity of the programs.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To introduce the fundamentals of computational complexity theory.
<b>CO2</b>	To discuss basic concepts such as computational models, computational complexity measures (e.g., time and space complexity measures), complexity classes, reducibility and completeness notions.
<b>CO3</b>	To familiarize the concepts of randomized and approximation algorithms and discuss the related complexity classes
<b>CO4</b>	Understand Communication complexity
<b>CO5</b>	Understand Counting problems

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

Models of Computation, resources (time and space), algorithms, computability, complexity. Complexity classes, P/NP/PSPACE, reductions, hardness, completeness, hierarchy, relationships between complexity classes.

**MODULE-II**

Randomized computation and complexity; Logical characterizations, incompleteness; Approximability. Circuit complexity, lower bounds; Parallel computation and complexity; Counting problems; Interactive proofs.

**MODULE-III**

Probabilistically checkable proofs; Communication complexity; Quantum computation

**Text Books:**

1 Christos H. Papadimitriou., Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity Prentice-Hall

**Reference Books:**

1. Sanjeev Arora and Boaz Barak, Complexity Theory: A Modern Approach, Cambridge University Press.
2. Steven Homer, Alan L. Selman, Computability and Complexity Theory, Springer.



**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	The students will able to determine whether a problem is computable, and prove that some problems are not computable.
<b>CO2</b>	The students will able to categorize problems into appropriate complexity classes
<b>CO3</b>	The students will able to classify problems based on their computational complexity using reductions
<b>CO4</b>	The students will able to analyze optimization problems using the concept of interactive proofs
<b>CO5</b>	The students will able to analyze Counting problems

<b>BCS-083</b>	<b>IT in Forensics Science</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** Students should know about the symmetric and non symmetric technique.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To understand the nature, meaning and significance of forensic science and its relation to crime and criminal.
<b>CO2</b>	To Understand the knowledge of Biometrics
<b>CO3</b>	To learn the Principles of Steganography
<b>CO4</b>	To understand Watermarking and Copyright Protection
<b>CO5</b>	To understand the concept of Data recovery

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Overview of Biometrics:** Biometric Identification, Biometric Verification, Biometric Enrollment, Biometric System Security. Authentication and Biometrics: Secure Authentication Protocols, Access Control Security Services, Matching Biometric Samples, Verification by humans. Common biometrics: Finger Print Recognition, Face Recognition, Speaker Recognition, Iris Recognition, Hand Geometry, Signature Verification. Introduction to Information Hiding: Technical Steganography, Linguistic Steganography, Copy Right Enforcement, Wisdom from Cryptography.

**MODULE-II**

**Principles of Steganography:** Framework for Secret Communication, Security of Steganography System, Information Hiding in Noisy Data, Adaptive versus non-Adaptive Algorithms, Active and Malicious Attackers, Information hiding in Written Text. A Survey of Steganographic Techniques: Substitution systems and Bit Plane Tools, Transform Domain Techniques: - Spread Spectrum and Information hiding, Statistical Steganography, Distortion Techniques, Cover Generation Techniques. Steganalysis: Looking for Signatures: - Extracting hidden Information, Disabling Hidden Information.

**MODULE-III**

**Watermarking and Copyright Protection:** Basic Watermarking, Watermarking Applications, Requirements and Algorithmic Design Issues, Evaluation and Benchmarking of Watermarking system. Computer Forensics, Rules of evidence, Evidence dynamics, Evidence collection, Data recovery, Preservation of digital evidence, surveillance tools for future warfare, cyber crime, types of cyber crimes, Digital evidence, nature of digital evidence, precautions while dealing with digital evidence.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	List the services performed by a crime investigators, crime laboratories and medical examiners.
<b>CO2</b>	Review the history and development of the forensic science sub-disciplines covered.
<b>CO3</b>	Discuss the role of a forensic scientist.
<b>CO4</b>	Familiarize oneself with the organization of a forensic science laboratory.
<b>CO5</b>	Students will able to recover data by using various techniques

**Text Book:**

1. Katzendbisser, Petitcolas, " Information Hiding Techniques for Steganography and Digital Watermarking", Artech House.

<b>BCS-084</b>	<b>Advanced Computer Network</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** students should have the basic knowledge of computer network.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To build an understanding of the fundamental concepts of computer networking
<b>CO2</b>	To introduce the basic taxonomy and terminology of computer networking.
<b>CO3</b>	To introduce advanced networking concepts.
<b>CO4</b>	To understand various Network Layer Protocol
<b>CO5</b>	To understand the concept of Socket Interface

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Introduction:** Uses of computer Networks, Reference Models, Channel allocation problem, Multiple access Protocols, Ethernet, Wireless LANs, Broadband Networks, Structure Overlay Networks, P2P Computing

**MODULE-II**

Network Layer Design Issues, Addressing: Internet Address, Classful Addressing, Subnetting, Supernetting, Classless Addressing, dynamic Address Configuration, Network Layer Protocol: ARP, ICMP, IPV4 and IPV6.

**MODULE-III**

Transport Service, Elements of transport protocol, Process to Process Delivery, Internet Transport Protocols UDP, Internet Transport Protocols TCP, Performance Issues. The Application Layer: Server Model, Socket Interface: sockets, Connectionless interactive server, Connection-Oriented concurrent server.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Enables the students to visualize the different aspects of networks, protocols and network design models.
<b>CO2</b>	Enables the students to examine various Data Link layer design issues and Data Link protocols.
<b>CO3</b>	Enables the students to analyze and compare different LAN protocols. Level 2,4
<b>CO4</b>	Enables the students to compare and select appropriate routing algorithms for a network
<b>CO5</b>	Enables the students to use Socket Interface



**Text Books:**

1. Computer Networks and Internets - Douglas E. Comer; PE.
2. Communication Networks - Leon-Garcia-Widjaja; TMH.
3. Internetworking with TCP / IP - Douglas E .Comer; PE.
4. TCP/IP protocol suite - ForouzanBehrouz A; TMH.
5. Computer Networks – Andrew S. Tannenbaum; PHI.
6. Data and Computer Communication - William Stallings; PHI

<b>BCS-085</b>	<b>Big Data Analysis</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** Students should know about the data base.  
Students should know about the data mining.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	Provide an overview of Apache Hadoop
<b>CO2</b>	Provide HDFS Concepts and Interfacing with HDFS
<b>CO3</b>	Understand Map Reduce Jobs
<b>CO4</b>	Apply analytics on Structured, Unstructured Data.
<b>CO5</b>	Understand the analysis of Big data

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

Introduction – distributed file system – Big Data and its importance, Four Vs, Drivers for Big data, Big data analytics, Big data applications. Algorithms using map reduce, Matrix- Vector Multiplication by Map Reduce  
INTRODUCTION HADOOP Big Data – Apache Hadoop & Hadoop EcoSystem – Moving Data in and out of Hadoop.

**MODULE 2**

HADOOP ARCHITECTURE Hadoop Architecture, Hadoop Storage: HDFS, Common Hadoop Shell commands, Anatomy of File Write and Read., NameNode, Secondary NameNode, and DataNode, Hadoop MapReduce paradigm, Map and Reduce tasks, Job, Task trackers - Cluster Setup – SSH & Hadoop Configuration – HDFS Administering –Monitoring & Maintenance

**MODULE 3**

HADOOP ECOSYSTEM AND YARN Hadoop ecosystem components - Schedulers – Fair and Capacity, Hadoop 2.0 New Features Name Node High Availability, HDFS Federation, MRv2, YARN, Running MRv1 in YARN, Hive Architecture and Installation, Comparison with Traditional Database, HiveQL - Querying Data - Sorting And Aggregating.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Analyze Infosphere BigInsights Big Data Recommendations.
<b>CO2</b>	Manage Job Execution in Hadoop Environment
<b>CO3</b>	Develop Big Data Solutions using Hadoop Eco System
<b>CO4</b>	Apply Machine Learning Techniques using R.
<b>CO5</b>	Analyze Big Data by using various techniques



**Text Books:**

1. The Big Data-Driven Business: How to Use Big Data to Win Customers, Beat Competitors, and Boost Profits Russell Glass, Sean Callahan.
2. Data Fluency: Empowering Your Organization with Effective Data Communication, Zach Gemignani, Chris Gemignani, Richard Galentino.
3. Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data, Gebundene Ausgabe, von EMC Education Services (Herausgeber)
4. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide Author: Tom White Publisher: Hadoop: The Definitive Guide
5. Hadoop in Action Author: Chuck Lam Publisher: Manning

<b>BCS-086</b>	<b>Advanced Computer Architecture</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To make students know about the Parallelism concepts
<b>CO2</b>	To give the students an elaborate idea about the high-performance memory systems
<b>CO3</b>	To introduce the advanced processor architectures to the students
<b>CO4</b>	To make the students know about the importance of multiprocessor and multi computers and different programming models
<b>CO5</b>	To understand Memory hierarchy technology

**Detailed Syllabus**

### **MODULE-I**

**Introduction and performance:** Evolution of computer Architecture, Architectural classification schemes and parallel computing models, conditions of parallelism, program flow mechanisms, performance evaluation and speedup performance laws, RISC and CISC processors, VLIW architecture

### **MODULE-II**

**Pipelining:** Instruction level parallelism, principles of linear and nonlinear pipelining Techniques, Hazards, Instruction and arithmetic pipeline design, super scalar and super pipeline design.

**Memory hierarchy technology:** Cache memory organizations and performance issues; multilevel caches, Virtual memory technology and memory management.

### **MODULE-III**

**SIMD processor:** SIMD array processor, Interconnection networks, SIMD matrix multiplication algorithm, vector processor architecture and instruction types.

**MIMD multiprocessor:** shared and distributed memory architectures, cache coherence and Synchronization.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Demonstrate concepts of parallelism in hardware/software.
<b>CO2</b>	Discuss memory organization and mapping techniques
<b>CO3</b>	Describe architectural features of advanced processors.
<b>CO4</b>	Interpret performance of different pipelined processors.
<b>CO5</b>	Discuss Memory hierarchy technology



**Text Books:**

1. Kai Hwang, “Advanced Computer Architecture,” McGraw-Hill.
2. Hwang and Briggs, “Computer Architecture and Parallel Processing,” McGraw Hill.

**Reference Books:**

1. Pipelined and Parallel processor design by Michael J. Flynn – 1995, Narosa.
2. Computer Architecture A quantitative approach 3rd edition John L. Hennessy & David A. Patterson Morgan Kaufmann (An Imprint of Elsevier)

<b>BCS-087</b>	<b>Artificial Intelligence and Expert System</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To learn about the knowledge of intelligent agents
<b>CO2</b>	To learn about machine learning
<b>CO3</b>	Understand Bayesian network and fuzzy logic in case of uncertainty.
<b>CO4</b>	To understand HMM model
<b>CO5</b>	To understand Uniformed search strategies

### Detailed Syllabus

#### MODULE-I

**Introduction:** Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Foundations and History of Artificial Intelligence, Applications of Artificial Intelligence, Intelligent Agents, Structure of Intelligent Agents. Computer vision, Natural Language Possessing.

**Introduction to Search:** Searching for solutions, Uniformed search strategies, Informed search strategies, Local search algorithms and optimistic problems, Adversarial Search, Search for games, Alpha – Betapruning.

#### MODULE-II

**Knowledge Representation & Reasoning:** Propositional logic, Theory of first order logic, Inference in First order logic, Forward & Backward chaining, Resolution, Probabilistic reasoning, Utility theory, Hidden Markov Models (HMM), Bayesian Networks.

#### MODULE-III

**Machine Learning:** Supervised and unsupervised learning, Decision trees, Statistical learning models, learning with complete data - Naive Bayes models, Learning with hidden data –EM algorithm, Reinforcement learning, Expert systems architecture. Generalities about expert systems. Conceptual infrastructure of expert systems.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	To apply the knowledge of intelligent agents and the heuristic search techniques.
<b>CO2</b>	To analyze the role of knowledge representation techniques such as propositional and predicate logic in AI.
<b>CO3</b>	To apply the Bayesian network and fuzzy logic in case of uncertainty.
<b>CO4</b>	To analyze different types of planning and learning techniques.
<b>CO5</b>	To apply Uniformed search strategies



**Text Books:**

1. Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, “Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach”, Pearson Education.
2. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, “Artificial Intelligence”, McGraw-Hill

**Reference Books:**

1. E Charniak and D McDermott, “Introduction to Artificial Intelligence”, Pearson Education.
2. Dan W. Patterson, “Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems”, Prentice Hall of India.

<b>BCS-088</b>	<b>Data Warehouse and Mining</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To learn a basic concept of Data warehousing.
<b>CO2</b>	To learn various models of data warehousing
<b>CO3</b>	To understand the concept of data mining
<b>CO4</b>	To understand the concept of Data Compression. Statistical measures in large Databases
<b>CO5</b>	To understand basic OLAP functions

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Data Warehousing:** Overview, Definition, Delivery Process, Difference between Database System and Data Warehouse, Multi-Dimensional Data Model, Data Cubes, Stars, Snow Flakes, Fact Constellations, Concept hierarchy, 3 Tier Architecture, Historical information, Query Facility, OLAP function and Tools. OLAP Servers, ROLAP, MOLAP, HOLAP, Data Mining interface, Security, Backup and Recovery, Testing Data Warehouse

**MODULE-II**

**Data Mining:** Overview, Definition & Functionalities, Data Processing, Form of Data Preprocessing, Data Cleaning: Missing Values, Noisy Data, (Binning, Clustering, Regression, Computer and Human inspection), Inconsistent Data, Data Integration and Transformation. Data Reduction: Data Cube Aggregation, Dimensionality reduction, Data Compression. Statistical measures in large Databases. Measuring Central Tendency, Measuring Dispersion of Data, Graph Displays of Basic Statistical class Description, Mining Association Rules in Large Databases, Association rule mining, Mining Single-Dimensional Boolean Association rules from Transactional Databases, Apriori-Algorithm, Mining Multilevel Association rules from Transaction Databases and Mining Multi-Dimensional Association rules from Relational Databases

**MODULE-III**

**Classification and Predictions:** What is Classification & Prediction, Issues regarding Classification and prediction, Decision tree, Bayesian Classification, Classification by Back propagation, Multilayer feed- forward Neural Network, Back propagation Algorithm, Classification methods K-nearest neighbor classifiers, Genetic Algorithm. Cluster Analysis: Data types in cluster analysis, Categories of clustering methods, Partitioning methods. Hierarchical Clustering- CURE and Chameleon, Grid Based Methods- STING, CLIQUE, Model Based Method –Statistical Approach, Neural Network approach, Outlier Analysis

**Text Books:**

1. Alex Berson, Stephen Smith, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP" TMH Publication.
2. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts & Techniques" Elsevier

**Reference Books:**

1. Sam Anahory, Dennis Murray, "Data Warehousing in the Real World: A Practical Guide for Building Decision Support Systems, Pearson Education



2. Mallach, "Data Warehousing System", McGraw –Hill  
3. M.H. Dunham, "Data Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics" Pearson Education

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>C01</b>	Analyze the basic functions of data warehouse and data mining.
<b>C02</b>	Design data warehouse with dimensional modelling and apply different operations.
<b>C03</b>	Analyze OLAP functions
<b>C04</b>	Analyze appropriate data mining algorithms to solve real world problems
<b>C05</b>	Evaluate different data mining techniques like classification, prediction.

<b>BCS-089</b>	<b>Distributed System</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To introduce fundamental principles of distributed systems, technical challenges and key design issues.
<b>CO2</b>	To impart knowledge of the distributed computing models, algorithms and the design of distributed system
<b>CO3</b>	To understand the concept of deadlock
<b>CO4</b>	To understand the Mechanism for building distributed file systems
<b>CO5</b>	To understand concept of Distributed Mutual Exclusion

**Detailed Syllabus**

#### **MODULE-I**

**Characterization of Distributed Systems:** Introduction, Examples of distributed Systems, Resource sharing and the Web Challenges. Architectural models, Fundamental Models. **Theoretical Foundation for Distributed System:** Limitation of Distributed system, absence of global clock, shared memory, Lamport's Logical clock, Vectors clocks.

**Concepts in Message Passing Systems:** causal order, total order, Techniques for Message Ordering, Causal ordering of messages, global state, termination detection.

**Distributed Mutual Exclusion:** Classification of distributed mutual exclusion, requirement of mutual exclusion theorem, Token based and non token based algorithms, performance metric for distributed mutual exclusion algorithms.

#### **MODULE-II**

**Distributed Deadlock Detection:** system model, resource Vs communication deadlocks, deadlock prevention, avoidance, detection & resolution, centralized dead lock detection, distributed dead lock detection, path pushing algorithms, edge chasing algorithms. **Agreement Protocols:** Introduction, System models, classification of Agreement Problem, Byzantine agreement problem, Consensus problem, Interactive consistency Problem, Solution to Byzantine Agreement problem, Application of Agreement problem, Atomic Commit in Distributed Database system.

**Distributed Resource Management:** Issues in distributed File Systems, Mechanism for building distributed file systems, Design issues in Distributed Shared Memory, Algorithm for Implementation of Distributed Shared Memory.

#### **MODULE-III**

**Failure Recovery in Distributed Systems:** Concepts in Backward and Forward recovery, Recovery in Concurrent systems, obtaining consistent Checkpoints, Recovery in Distributed Database Systems.

**Fault Tolerance:** Issues in Fault Tolerance, Commit Protocols, Voting protocols, Dynamic voting protocols.

**Transactions and Concurrency Control:** Transactions, Nested transactions, Locks, Optimistic Concurrency control, Timestamp ordering.

**Distributed Transactions:** Flat and nested distributed transactions, Atomic Commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions, Distributed deadlocks, Transaction recovery. Replication: System model and group communication, Fault - tolerant services, highly available services, Transactions with replicated data.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Illustrate the mechanisms of inter process communication in distributed system
<b>CO2</b>	Compare the concurrency control mechanisms in distributed transactional environment
<b>CO3</b>	Outline the need for mutual exclusion and election algorithms in distributed systems
<b>CO4</b>	Can apply the concept of distributed transaction
<b>CO5</b>	Can apply the concept of Dynamic voting protocols

**Text Books:**

1. Singhal&Shivaratri, "Advanced Concept in Operating Systems", McGraw Hill
2. Coulouris, Dollimore, Kindberg, "Distributed System: Concepts and Design", Pearson Education

**Reference Books:**

1. Tenanuanbaum, Steen," Distributed Systems", PHI
2. Gerald Tel, "Distributed Algorithms", Cambridge University Press.

<b>BCS-090</b>	<b>IT Workshop (Sci Lab/ MATLAB)</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** None

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To Impart the Knowledge to the students with MATLAB software.
<b>CO2</b>	To provide a working introduction to the Matlab technical computing environment.
<b>CO3</b>	To introduce students the use of a high-level programming language, Matlab.
<b>CO4</b>	To bridge the skill gaps and make students industry ready.
<b>CO5</b>	To provide an opportunity to students to develop inter-disciplinary skills.

**Detailed Syllabus**

### **MODULE-I**

Programming Environment: MATLAB Windows, A First Program, Expressions, Constants, Variables and assignment statement, Arrays.

### **MODULE-II**

Graph Plots: Basic plotting, Generating waveforms, Control Statements: Conditional statements: If, Else, Else-if, Repetition statements: While, for loop.

### **MODULE-III**

Procedures and Functions: Built in functions. Manipulating Text: Writing to a text file, Reading from a text file.

**Text Books:**

1. MATLAB: An Introduction with Applications, by Amos Gilat, 2nd edition, Wiley, 2004,
2. C.B. Moler, Numerical Computing with MATLAB, SIAM, 2004.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Understand the need for simulation/implementation for the verification of mathematical functions.
<b>CO2</b>	Understand the main features of the MATLAB program development environment to enable their usage in the higher learning
<b>CO3</b>	Implement simple mathematical functions/equations in numerical computing environment such as MATLAB
<b>CO4</b>	Interpret and visualize simple mathematical functions and operations thereon using plots/display.
<b>CO5</b>	Analyze the program for correctness and determine/estimate/predict the output and verify it under simulation environment using MATLAB tools

<b>BCS-091</b>	<b>Cryptography and Network Security</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** Graduate student status or a Senior in Computer Science

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To introduce fundamental concepts of symmetric and asymmetric cipher models
<b>CO2</b>	To introduce fundamental concepts of authentication.
<b>CO3</b>	To introduce network security and web security protocols.
<b>CO4</b>	To understand DES, AES
<b>CO5</b>	To understand Discrete Logarithmic Problem

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Introduction to security attacks:** services and mechanism, Classical encryption techniques substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, cryptanalysis, steganography, Stream and block ciphers.

**Modern Block Ciphers:** Block ciphers principles, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, feistel structure, Data encryption standard (DES), Strength of DES, block cipher modes of operations, Triple DES, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption and decryption.

**MODULE-II**

**Introduction to group, field, finite field of the form  $GF(p)$ :** modular arithmetic, prime and relative prime numbers, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, Fermat's and Euler's theorem, Primality testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, Discrete Logarithmic Problem, Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, security of RSA, Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, authentication functions, message authentication code, hash functions, birthday attacks, security of hash functions, Secure hash algorithm(SHA), **Digital Signatures:** Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Techniques, Digital Signature Standards (DSS).

**MODULE-III**

**Key Management and distribution:** Symmetric key distribution, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Public key distribution, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure, Authentication Applications: Kerberos Electronic mail security: pretty good privacy (PGP), S/MIME, IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security payloads, combining security associations, key management. Introduction to Secure Socket Layer, Secure electronic, transaction (SET), System Security: Introductory idea of Intrusion, Intrusion detection, Viruses and related threats, firewalls.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Analyze solutions for effective key management and distribution and conduct cryptanalysis
<b>CO2</b>	Analyze and use cryptographic data integrity algorithms and user authentication protocols
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze the security requirements and solutions for wireless networks and distributed systems
<b>CO4</b>	Analyze Discrete Logarithmic Problem
<b>CO5</b>	Explore the attacks and controls associated with IP, transport-level, web and E-mail security



**Text Books:**

1. William Stallings, “Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice”, Pearson Education.
2. Behrouz A. Frouzan: Cryptography and Network Security, Tata McGraw Hill

**References:**

1. Bruce Schneier, “Applied Cryptography”. John Wiley & Sons
2. Bernard Menezes,” Network Security and Cryptography”, Cengage Learning.
3. AtulKahate, “Cryptography and Network Security”, Tata McGraw Hill

<b>BCS-092</b>	<b>.NET Framework</b>	<b>L</b> <b>3</b>	<b>T</b> <b>0</b>	<b>P</b> <b>0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** Basic knowledge of any programming language

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To understand the knowledge of .Net Frameworks along with ASP.Net and C#
<b>CO2</b>	Introduction to Networking and the world wide web.
<b>CO3</b>	Building multi-tier enterprise applications.
<b>CO4</b>	Client-side programming: HTTP, CGI, Cookies, JavaScript, HTML, XML.
<b>CO5</b>	To understand the concept of Dialog Boxes and its Event Handling

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**The .Net framework:** Introduction, The Origin of .Net Technology, Common Language Runtime (CLR), Common Type System (CTS), Common Language Specification (CLS) and its Architecture, Microsoft Intermediate Language (MSIL), Just-In-Time Compilation, Framework Base Classes. **Programming Language C#:** Declaring implicit and explicit variables, Unicode characters and strings, creating Object and Classes, The Main method specification.

**MODULE-II**

**Object oriented programming with C#:** Inheritance, Method Overloading and method overriding, Polymorphism, Operator Overloading, Abstract Class, Inner Class, and Interface. Delegates, Partial Classes, Exception Handling, Creating Name-Space, Input-Output and File Handling, Multithreading,

**Windows Application:** Introduction of windows form, Linking Window Form, Creating Properties, window form controls, MDI form.

**MODULE-III**

**Containers and its Event Handling:** Flow Layout Panel, Group Box, Panel, Split Container, Tab Control, Table Layout Panel. Navigation Control and Its Event Handling: Context Menu Strip, Tool Strip, Status Strip, Tool Strip Container. **Dialog Boxes and its Event Handling:** Message Dialog Boxes, Color Dialog, Folder Browser Dialog, Font Dialog, Open File Dialog, Save File Dialog, Data Grid View, Dataset, Creating Setup of Web Application.

**Introduction to ASP.NET with C#:** Introduction of web application, web site, A Review of Classic ASP, ASP.NET Web Applications, Rendering HTML with Server Controls.

**Working with Web Forms Controls and C#:** Introduction to Web Forms Controls, Simple Input Controls, Hyperlinks, Button Controls and List Controls. Dropdown List Control, Overview of ASP.NET Validation Controls, Client-Side Validation, Server-Side Validation, File Upload controls, Wizard controls. Master Page, Ad Rotator Control, Login Controls, Session Management using Cookies, Session.



**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Student will be able to use the features of .Net Framework along with the features of C#
<b>CO2</b>	Create user interactive web pages using ASP.Net.
<b>CO3</b>	Create simple data binding applications using ADO.Net connectivity.
<b>CO4</b>	To use Dialog Boxes and its Event Handling
<b>CO5</b>	Performing Database operations for Windows Form and web applications.

**Text Books:**

1. Beginning Visual C# 2008, Wiley, Wrox Publication, 2nd Edition 2008
2. Programming with C#, E. Balagurusamy, TMH, 2nd Edition 1999
3. Microsoft .Net for Programmers, Fergal Grimes, SPI Edition,
4. C# Programming Language, Anders Hejlsberg, Mads Torgersen, Scott Wiltamuth, and Peter Golde, Pearson Education Inc, 4th Edition.

<b>BCS-093</b>	<b>Mobile Computing</b>	<b>L</b> <b>3</b>	<b>T</b> <b>0</b>	<b>P</b> <b>0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:** Students should know about the basics of networking.

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To learn about the basic concepts of Mobile Computing.
<b>CO2</b>	To understand about networking concepts relevant to modern wireless systems.
<b>CO3</b>	To introduce emerging mobile computing ideas and best practices
<b>CO4</b>	To gain hands-on knowledge practice with mobile computing
<b>CO5</b>	To understand various types of Protocols

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

**Introduction:** Issues in mobile computing, overview of wireless telephony: cellular concept, GSM: air-interface, channel structure, location management: HLR-VLR, handoffs, channel allocation in cellular systems, CDMA, GPRS. Wireless LAN Overview: MAC issues, IEEE 802.11, Blue Tooth, Wireless multiple access protocols, TCP over wireless, Wireless applications, Mobile IP, WAP: Architecture, protocol stack, application environment,

**MODULE-II**

**Data management issues:** data replication for mobile computers, adaptive clustering for mobile wireless networks, File system, Disconnected operations. Mobile Agents computing, security and fault tolerance, transaction processing in mobile computing environment.

**MODULE-III**

**Adhoc networks and localization:** Adhoc Networks issues, Routing protocols, global state routing (GSR), Destination sequenced distance vector routing (DSDV), Dynamic source routing (DSR), AdHoc on demand distance vector routing (AODV), Temporary ordered routing algorithm (TORA), QoS in Ad Hoc Networks, applications.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Various wireless communication technologies.
<b>CO2</b>	Enables the students to visualize the various important steps in GSM communication
<b>CO3</b>	To acquire the knowledge of the fuzzy Neural network and Genetic Language
<b>CO4</b>	Enables the students to analyze the mobile IP and Transport Protocol.
<b>CO5</b>	To analyze various type of Protocols



**Text Books:**

1. J. Schiller, Mobile Communications, Addison Wesley.
2. Charles Perkins, Mobile IP, Addison Wesley.

**Reference Books:**

1. Charles Perkins, Ad hoc Networks, Addison Wesley.
2. Upadhyaya, “Mobile Computing”, Springer

<b>BCS-094</b>	<b>Machine Learning</b>	<b>L T P</b> <b>3 0 0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:**

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	understanding of issues and challenges of Machine Learning
<b>CO2</b>	Should be able to select data, model selection, model complexity etc.
<b>CO3</b>	Understanding of the strengths and weaknesses of many popular machine learning approaches.
<b>CO4</b>	To learn about Artificial Neural Networks
<b>CO5</b>	To understand Logistic Regression

**Detailed Syllabus**

**MODULE-I**

Introduction to Machine Learning Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, Reinforcement Learning. Probability Basics Linear Algebra Statistical Decision Theory – Regression & Classification Bias – Variance Linear Regression Multivariate Regression. Dimensionality Reduction Subset Selection, Shrinkage Methods, Principle Components Regression Linear Classification, Logistic Regression, Linear Discriminant Analysis Optimization, Classification-Separating Hyperplanes Classification.

**MODULE-II**

Artificial Neural Networks (Early models, Back Propagation, Initialization, Training & Validation) Parameter Estimation (Maximum Likelihood Estimation, Bayesian Parameter Estimation) Decision Trees Evaluation Measures, Hypothesis Testing Ensemble Methods, Graphical Models. Neural Networks, threshold logic units, linear machines, networks of threshold learning units, Training of feed forward networks by back propagations, neural networks vs. knowledge-based systems.

**MODULE-III**

Clustering, Gaussian Mixture Models, Spectral Clustering Ensemble Methods Learning Theory, Inductive Logic Programming, notation and definitions, introducing recursive programs, inductive logic programming vs decision tree induction.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Identify the characteristics of datasets and compare the trivial data and big data for various applications.
<b>CO2</b>	Understand machine learning techniques and computing environment that are suitable for the applications under consideration.
<b>CO3</b>	Develop scaling up machine learning techniques and associated computing techniques and technologies for various applications
<b>CO4</b>	Implement various ways of selecting suitable model parameters for different machine learning techniques.
<b>CO5</b>	Discriminate inductive logic programming and decision tree induction.

**Text Books:**

1. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. Friedman. The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2008.
2. Christopher Bishop. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning.
3. Andreas, C. Muller & Sarah Guido, O'Reilly Introduction to Machine Learning with Python A guide for data scientists,
4. Nils J. Nilsson, Introduction to Machine learning.



<b>BCS-095</b>	<b>Speech and Natural Language Processing</b>	<b>L</b> <b>3</b>	<b>T</b> <b>0</b>	<b>P</b> <b>0</b>	<b>3 Credits</b>
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**Pre-requisites:**

**Course Objectives:**

<b>CO1</b>	To learn basic about NPL
<b>CO2</b>	To understand the basic use of formal languages
<b>CO3</b>	To learn about FST
<b>CO4</b>	To understand the concept of text to speech
<b>CO5</b>	TO understand concept of Regular Expressions

**Detailed Syllabus**

### MODULE-I

**Introduction of NLP:** Knowledge in Speech and Language processing, ambiguity and models and algorithm, language and understanding, brief history. **Regular Expressions, Automata, Similarity Computation:** Regular Expressions, patterns, FA, Formal Language, NFSA, Regular Language and FSAs, Raw Text Extraction and Tokenization, Extracting Terms from Tokens, Vector Space Representation and Normalization, Similarity Computation in Text.

### MODULE-II

**Morphology and Finite-State Transducers:** Inflection, Derivational Morphology, Finite-State Morphological Parsing, The Lexicon and Morphotactic, Morphological Parsing with Finite State Transducers, Combining FST Lexicon and Rules, **Lexicon-free FSTs:** The Porter Stemmer, Human Morphological Processing. Matrix Factorization and Topic Modeling: Introduction, Singular Value Decomposition, Nonnegative Matrix Factorization, Probabilistic Latent Semantic Analysis, Latent Dirichlet Allocation.

### MODULE-III

**Computational Phonology and Text-to-Speech:** Speech Sounds and Phonetic Transcription, The Phoneme and Phonological Rules, Phonological Rules and Transducers, Advanced Issues in Computational Phonology, Machine Learning of Phonological Rules, Mapping Text to Phones for TTS, Prosody in TTS. Probabilistic Models of Pronunciation and Spelling: Dealing with Spelling Errors, Spelling Error Patterns, Detecting NonWord Errors, Probabilistic Models, Applying the Bayesian method to spelling, Minimum Edit Distance, English Pronunciation Variation, The Bayesian method for pronunciation and Weighted Automata, Pronunciation in Humans

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

<b>CO1</b>	Student able to explain NPL
<b>CO2</b>	Students able to implement Regular Expressions
<b>CO3</b>	Students able to implement Bayesian method for pronunciation
<b>CO4</b>	Student implement the concept of Text to speech
<b>CO5</b>	Enable the students to use Formal Languages

**Text Books:**

1. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, Natural Language Processing with Python.
2. Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin, Speech and Language Processing.
3. James Allen, Natural Language Understanding